

Individual Development Plan for BMCDB Graduate Group Students

This Individual Development Plan (IDP) is based on the NIH T32 IDP and is designed to help students achieve their career goals as part of the US biomedical workforce. NIH has encouraged institutions to develop and implement Individual Development Plans for graduate students supported by NIH awards (<http://grants.nih.gov/grants/guide/notice-files/NOT-OD-13-093.html>). **This is now a requirement of the BMCDB program. All BMCDB students are required to complete an IDP in their first year, and then review the IDP each Spring quarter. The IDP should be completed using the following steps:**

- **Fill out the Self-assessment** (Step 1, part 1) and have your Thesis Adviser/Mentor assess you on a separate blank copy of the form provided (Step 1, part 2) so that you are independently making the assessment. Fill out the rest of the IDP (Step 2: Setting goals, Step 3: Past year's progress) as appropriate.
- **Discuss your plan with your mentor(s)**: Plan an annual (or more frequently if appropriate) meeting with your mentor to review and discuss your IDP. Students should discuss the document with their Thesis Adviser before their annual Progress Report/Dissertation Report Meeting. Compare the assessment of skills made by you and your mentor, discuss goals, and modify as necessary. Use this meeting date as the "career planning meeting" date when filling out the Student Progress Assessment (SPA) report.
- **Submit a copy of your IDP to the Program Coordinator 2-3 days prior to meeting with your academic advisor.** PLEASE NOTE: Your Academic Adviser will not consider your Progress/Dissertation Report complete without the IDP uploaded to your GradHub account.
- **Put your plan into action:** Read it over regularly (monthly, semi-annual, annual basis) to check your progress.

What is an Individual Development Plan?

According to the French writer, Antoine de Saint-Exupery (1900-1944), "A goal without a plan is a wish." An Individual Development Plan (IDP) for graduate students is an individually - tailored career development tool to create a plan of action, and to set short and long term goals in order to achieve career objectives.

An effective IDP should help prioritize, set goals, develop and implement a plan of action, and periodically assess progress. An effective IDP would be a dynamic, moving document as goals will likely evolve over time. IDP can also allow graduate students to take ownership of their career, obtain valuable input and feedback from mentors and Training Program leadership, and facilitate better communication between Trainees and their Trainers. Trainees can begin IDP at any stage of their graduate career.

Overview of the IDP cycle

1. Complete a self-assessment. Assess your current skills and competencies.
2. Formulate goals for the upcoming year.
3. Assess progress in the Spring Quarter of the year.
4. Implement the IDP. Review yearly.
5. Back to step 1.

Go to <http://myidp.sciencecareers.org> for extra information on IDPs and other tools for career development. All materials here are based on:

<https://education.scripps.edu/postdoctoral/career-services-and-professional-development/>

https://education.scripps.edu/files/pdfs/postdoctoral/Scripps_IDP.pdf -Scripps Research Institute

<http://www.faseb.org/Professional-Development-and-Diversity-Resources/Professional-Development-and-Career-Resources/My-Individual-Development-Plan--myIDP-.aspx> - Federation of American Societies of Experimental Biology (FASEB) website
<https://case.edu/postdoc/current-postdoctorates/professional-development> - Case Western University

Individual Development Plan - Template

Name:

Date:

Mentor's Name:

Additional advisors (if any):

Thesis Committee Members:

General Questions:

- 1) How many years have you been in graduate school?
- 2) Have you chosen a dissertation topic? If yes, state the title of your dissertation.
- 3) Please provide a brief overview of your research project.

- 4) Do you have a "Next Step Career Goal" after graduate school? (Postdoctoral training, job, etc. – Don't be alarmed if you don't have a career goal.)

Step 1: Self - Assessment:

Step 1 – Part 1: Realistically assess your strengths, weaknesses and skills – Use the full range of numbers - this is meant to be a way to set goals for growth and you are not expected to be proficient in all these areas (especially first and second year students)

Evaluate your skills and abilities in the following areas where:

5 = Highly proficient

1 = Needs improvement

Overall Core Scientific Knowledge	1	2	3	4	5
Knowledge of literature in the field	1	2	3	4	5
Knowledge of literature related to project	1	2	3	4	5
Knowledge area:	1	2	3	4	5
Knowledge area:	1	2	3	4	5
Laboratory or Bench Skills (e.g., microscopy, animal skills):					
Skill set:	1	2	3	4	5
Skill set:	1	2	3	4	5
Skill set:	1	2	3	4	5
Other: (define)	1	2	3	4	5
General Research Skills (e.g., designing experiments, creativity):					
Designing experiments	1	2	3	4	5
Analytical skills	1	2	3	4	5
Problem solving/troubleshooting	1	2	3	4	5
Creativity/developing new research directions	1	2	3	4	5
Independence/Being productive in an unstructured environment	1	2	3	4	5
Other: (define)	1	2	3	4	5
Professional Skills:					
Oral presentation skills	1	2	3	4	5
Fellowship/grant writing skills	1	2	3	4	5
Manuscript writing skills	1	2	3	4	5
General scientific writing skills	1	2	3	4	5
Teaching skills (TA or mentoring students in the lab)	1	2	3	4	5
Being mentored	1	2	3	4	5
Other: (define)	1	2	3	4	5
Leadership and Management Skills:					
Leading and motivating others	1	2	3	4	5
Managing projects and time	1	2	3	4	5
Organizational skills	1	2	3	4	5
Interpersonal Skills:					
Getting along with others	1	2	3	4	5
Conflict resolution	1	2	3	4	5
Networking/meeting new colleagues	1	2	3	4	5

Step 1 – Part 2: Ask your mentor or other trusted colleague to assess your strengths, weaknesses and skills, and then return the list to you for discussion Only give THIS page to your mentor for the assessment- the rest is for you to fill out; the last page will be completed by the mentor after reviewing the entire IDP with the student.

Mentors/Thesis Advisors: Use the full range of numbers - this is meant to be a way to set goals for growth and students are not expected to be proficient in all these areas (especially first and second year students)

Evaluator's Name: Relationship:

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Knowledge of literature in the field	1	2	3	4	5
Knowledge of literature related to project	1	2	3	4	5
Knowledge area:	1	2	3	4	5
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Laboratory or Bench Skills (e.g., microscopy, animal skills):					
Skill set:	1	2	3	4	5
Skill set:	1	2	3	4	5
Skill set:	1	2	3	4	5
Other: (define)	1	2	3	4	5
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Creativity/developing new research directions	1	2	3	4	5
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Interpersonal Skills:					
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Conflict resolution	1	2	3	4	5
Networking/meeting new colleagues	1	2	3	4	5

Step 2 – Set goals for the next year

In this section, you will set goals for developing your skills and accomplishing your projects. Areas where you could set goals could be related to your research project, acquiring scientific knowledge, lab skills, writing skills, oral presentation, communication, career development, time management, etc.

Setting Goals: Research Projects

What are the **scientific questions** that you will be working towards answering in the next year? You could list your aims or sub aim, complete a figure for a paper, etc. What are the experimental approaches that you are currently pursuing? Are there other approaches that you could try? How long are you willing to keep trying before you drop each of these experiments/projects? What result or deadline will trigger when you begin the next approach?

Scientific Question	Experimental Approach	Time Frame

Setting Goals: Scientific Knowledge

In what areas do you want to acquire more **scientific knowledge**? Do you plan to do more reading in this area? Discuss with specialists? Attend conferences? How much time do you think you will need to set aside (per week, per month, etc.)?

Knowledge Area	Method for Knowledge Development	Time Frame

Setting goals: Lab Skills

What new skills and expertise are required for success? How will you gain exposure to these skills? How much time would you set aside to develop this skill?

Lab Skills	Method for Skill Development	Time Frame

Setting Goals: Oral Presentation Projects and Skills

What talks and posters do you plan to present in the next year (could be at lab meetings, journal clubs, in-house seminars and scientific meetings)? Are there any specific skills you would like to work on in the coming year? What are your plans to develop oral presentation skills (attend workshops, volunteer to give more presentation, get feedback from mentors, colleagues)? What is your time frame to attain these skills?

Presentation (When? / Where?)	Skills to work on and methods employed for Skills Development	Time frame to develop skills

Setting Goals: Writing Projects and Skills

Are there any writing projects that you will be initiating this year or continuing from last year (Fellowships, manuscripts, grants)? What will you do to develop these skills (attend workshop, seek editing assistance, learn how to use software like EndNote etc.)?

Writing Projects	Method for Skill Development	Time Frame

Setting Goals: Manuscript and Grant writing: List the stages and sub-steps toward finishing the project (Introduction, methods etc.) Set goals/deadlines for each stage within the writing process.

Manuscript/ Grant title	Elements of the paper or grant (abstract, introduction, methods etc.)	Time Frame

Setting Goals: Career Development

a) What are your current careers of interest?

b) List activities that you will complete during the next year to learn more about and move closer to your major careers of interest. (Attend workshops, advice from counselors, host for career luncheons or conduct informational interviews with people in your careers of interest, read/research potential career paths etc.).

Note: myIDP.sciencecareers.org is a FREE online IDP service where you can complete exercises to help you examine your skills, interests, and values. Once you complete, the site provides you with a list of 20 scientific career paths with a prediction of which ones best fit your skills and interests. You can use this site to learn more about potential career options.

Setting Goals: Time management

Note: some of these activities may not be relevant in your first year, but will become important closer to your graduation.

* Prioritizing your goals: After you have completed all sections, identify the areas that you feel belong in your top priority list.

Ask yourself how many hours do you spend per week doing work-related activities? - Is this a good balance to achieve your goals at work and in your personal life? Do you want to increase or decrease this time in the coming year? Provide a rough estimate of your time:

A) What % of your time at work was spent on each of the following activities during the past year? (List under column A)

B) To reach your goals, how would you like to change the amount of time spent on each of these types of activities: increase, same, or decrease? (List under Column B)

C) What is your goal for % of your time at work spent on each activity during the upcoming year? (List under Column C)

Activities	A	B	C
Advancing your Research			
Performing research			
Discussing your research with mentors, collaborators, others			
Attending science seminars			
Attending conferences			
Reading in your field (reviews, papers, etc.)			
Reading to expand your knowledge of other fields			
Writing fellowships, abstracts, papers			
Other lab management, lab duties			
Teaching (TA), Mentoring (e.g. UG students), and Leadership			
Teaching in the classroom			
Mentoring in UG students in the lab			
Volunteer or leadership activities (committees, etc.)			
Career and Professional Development			
Course work			
Attending training/career development seminars/workshops			
Networking to promote your goals (socializing, emails, etc.)			
Career exploration (informational interviews, reading about careers etc.)			
Activities not directly promoting your goals			
Other			

Step 3 – Past year’s progress. (Note this is a brief list; post-QE students should prepare a separate 2-3 page Summary for their Dissertation Committee Meeting as usual

- List or briefly describe major research accomplishments this year. What were your main goals for the past year? Which goals did you meet? If you did not meet a goal, why not?

- List new techniques/expertise acquired this year:

- List publications or abstracts submitted or published this year. In each case, underline your name in the author list.

- List grants/fellowships applied for this year:

- List grants/fellowships received for this year:

- List honors/awards received this year:

- List accomplishments this year in other aspects of career development (e.g. committees, career workshop attendance, course work, etc.):

- Describe and explain your level of satisfaction with your research progress in the past year:

- Describe and explain your level of satisfaction with other aspects of your career development in the past year:

Step 4: Implement the IDP

- Discuss your plan with your mentor(s) and have them fill in feedback below.
- Put your plan into action: Read it over regularly (monthly, semi- annual, annual basis) to check your progress.
- Revise and modify the plan as necessary

Feedback from Thesis Adviser

Thesis Advisers: Please go through the IDP with your student and provide feedback on pertinent factors. Ask the student to revise the IDP as needed. Your feedback below will be submitted with a copy of the rest of the IDP with the Annual Progress Report.

Thesis Adviser's Name:

Thesis Adviser's Signature: _____ Date: _____